

MORTON'S CAMPAIGN

Harrison and Morton Address
New York Republicans.

Six Thousand People Hear Them
at Carnegie Hall.

MR. MORTON PRESIDED.

Noah Davis Entertained the Au-
dience Till Speakers Came.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Ex-President Harrison spoke at Carnegie Music hall last evening. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Republican state committee to ratify the nomination of Morton and Saxton. When the doors were opened at 7 o'clock the street was crowded.

When 6,000 persons were packed into the hall by all sorts of means, there were still many thousands outside seeking admittance. As the band concluded a familiar air, two gentlemen in clerical attire were ushered across the platform. Some of those in the hall recognized one of them as Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul. His companion was Bishop McElrick of Duluth.

It was 8:30 and neither Mr. Harrison nor Mr. Morton had put in an appearance. The audience was getting impatient and George W. Stephens said ex-Judge Noah Davis would entertain them pending their arrival. He had spoken only a few moments when there was a commotion at the door and Messrs. Harrison and Morton appeared, accompanied by Charles W. Hoakett, chairman of the state committee.

Their arrival was signaled by a great outburst of enthusiasm. The people stood up and waved flags, hats and handkerchiefs, and cheered until they grew hoarse.

Mr. Morton acted as chairman of the meeting and in a neat address introduced the ex-president, who discussed the political issues of the day at length and in his usual manner.

Affairs at political headquarters yesterday were dull as the weather. So far as the Democratic and Republican headquarters were concerned the quiet was partly accounted for by the explanation that many of the managers who live outside the city had gone to their home districts, election day being near. To look after their farms and to take part in local canvasses. The attention of those remaining was specially directed to the mass meeting at Tammany hall and the Republican mass meeting at Carnegie Music hall.

At the Democratic headquarters the managers said that the canvass shows a 65,000 majority for the Democrats in New York and 11,000 in Kings. They added: "Of course the Republican majority north of the Harlem will not reach 40,000. Governor Flower, a most astute political observer, says 30,000. This will give Senator Hill a clear majority of 35,000."

John Halloran was at the state Democratic headquarters with \$30,000 to bet on the election of Strong and Goff, but, although he remained there until after dark, no one appeared to take up any of his offers, which were \$5,000 to \$10,000 on Strong and Goff each, and \$10,000 even on the election of both.

Tammany held an enthusiastic meeting last night. The wigwag was crowded to its utmost capacity and everyone present appeared confident of the outcome. George R. McCellan, president, and speeches were made by Colonel Fellows, John D. McMahon, General Sickles, DeLaney Nicoll, Amos J. Cummings, Thomas F. Grady, Francis Bartlett and others. Overflow meetings were also held.

Hill's Campaign.
PORT GEORGE, N. Y., Nov. 1.—Senator Hill arrived here at noon yesterday, and spoke at the opera house from 2 o'clock until 4. His speech was devoted to apportionment, federal election laws and the tariff. He said that the friends of the administration, were giving him a cordial support everywhere, burying past dissensions, for which he thanked them. The Hill party left on the 4:30 train for Newburgh, where Mr. Hill spoke last night. He also made ten-minute speeches at Middletown and Goshen, en route.

Political News for Damages.
BEAUMONT, Neb., Nov. 1.—Judge Alfred Hazlett, Democrat and Populist candidate for county attorney, began suit in the district court yesterday for \$10,000 civil damages against his competitor, George A. Murphy, for defamation of character. The suit grows out of an article appearing in the Beatrice Times, charging Hazlett with defrauding a client, and which Hazlett claims was written by Murphy.

French Officer Charged With Treason.
PARIS, Nov. 1.—Captain Alfred Dreyfus of the general staff, who was attached to the organizing and mobilizing department, has been arrested on the charge of treason and espionage in behalf of the triple alliance.

Insurrection in Peru.
BURNES AYRES, Nov. 1.—Advices received here from Lima are to the effect that the insurgents in Peru are gaining ground. The ex-president, Párola, has effected a landing on the coast.

If you have been dissatisfied in the past with the coal that has been furnished you, give us a trial order. We have a large stock of all kinds of coal, and will guarantee satisfaction.

THE SOUTH-WESTERN FUEL COMPANY
634 Kansas Avenue,
Missouri and Kansas telephone 193;
also New Harrison.

You can reach the Southwestern Fuel company by either Missouri & Kansas or New Harrison telephone if you need coal.

We put on new neckbands on shirts, Fresh Steam Laundry, 113 and 111 W. Eighth street.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

The President Issues His Proclamation for Thursday, Nov. 29.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The president has issued the following:

By the president of the United States of America: A Proclamation:

The American people should gratefully render thanksgiving and praise to the Supreme Ruler of the universe, who has watched over them with kindness and fostering care during the year that has passed; they should also with humility and faith supplicate the father of all mercies for continued blessings according to their needs, and they should by deeds of charity seek the favor of the giver of every good and prosperous gift.

Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart Thursday, November 29, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, to be kept and observed by all the people of the land.

On that day let our ordinary work and business be suspended, and let us meet in our accustomed places of worship and give thanks to Almighty God for our preservation as a nation, for our immunity from disease and pestilence, for the harvests that have rewarded our husbandry, for a renewal of national prosperity and for every advance in virtue and intelligence that has marked our growth as a people.

And with our thanksgiving let us pray that these blessings may be multiplied unto us, that our national conscience may be quickened into a better recognition of the power and goodness of God, that in our national life we may clearer see and closer follow the path of righteousness.

And in our places of worship and praise, as well as in the happy reunions of kindred and friends, on that day let us invoke divine approval by generously remembering the poor and needy. Surely He who has given us comfort and plenty will look upon our relief of the destitute and our ministrations of charity as the work of hearts truly grateful and as proofs of the sincerity of our thanksgiving.

Witness my hand and the seal of the United States, which I have caused to be heretofore affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord 1894, and of the independence of the United States the 114th.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the president,
W. Q. GRESHAM, Secretary of State.

REPUBLICAN MATTER.

The Omaha "World-Herald" Injunction Made Permanent.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 1.—In the district court yesterday the injunction restraining the daily World-Herald, the Democratic organ, from violating its contract with the Republican state central committee to print campaign matter was made permanent. The power of the court, the committee's attorney contended, was sufficient to compel the performance of the contract and there was no justification for the breach which had taken place.

Attorneys for the World-Herald urged that the men bringing the action were not entitled to a standing in a court of equity. The contract had been entered into with the Republican central committee, an organization that was not a partnership and an organization that was not incorporated under the laws of the state. Such being true, from a legal standpoint, it was a nonentity, having no right to sue or be sued. The members of the committee were not in court on their own behalf, but were representing a thing that had no legal existence.

It was contended that in the event that the other parties had violated the contract the World-Herald would have been without a remedy, as there would have been no one who could have been sued, as the gentlemen pretended to represent something that in law did not exist.

In passing upon the issues the court contended that it was bound to take notice of the fact that the political parties did exist and that they conducted their business through committees.

FORGED CHECKS.

A Swindler Working the People of Several Missouri Towns.

SEDALIA, Mo., Nov. 1.—Last Saturday night a stranger giving the name of J. K. Bryant, and representing himself as a Missouri Pacific railway brakeman, passed a forged check for \$15 on Gentry & Cloney, gent's furnisheers, of this city. At Warrensburg he forged three checks on Sedalia banks for \$21, \$10 and \$1, respectively. He paid for an overcoat at W. N. Wilson, a clothier, with the first check. Near Columbus, Mo., he gave a farmer a forged check on a Sedalia bank for \$60 in payment for a mare, which was to have been delivered at Holden yesterday. Sunday he bought a ticket at Odessa for Kansas City, promising to return on Monday. Hayes waited until yesterday and is out \$15.

A SPRINGFIELD TRAGEDY.

Joseph Walton Fatally Shot by Thomas N. Appleby and His Son.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Nov. 1.—Joseph Walton was fatally shot yesterday by Thomas N. Appleby and his 16-year-old son. Appleby is a very prominent merchant and politician. Walton was the former husband of Appleby's second wife and Walton claimed that he had been separated from her by Appleby's interference. Walton laid in wait for Appleby and opened fire on him with a revolver. Appleby and his son returned the fire and Walton was hit by several buckshot in the face and neck.

Los Cerrillos Anthracite.

We are prepared by actual test to satisfy you that the Los Cerrillos anthracite is equal to the best grades of Pennsylvania anthracite. Give it a trial.

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Missouri & Kansas Telephone 193,
Also New Harrison.

Call up Phone 153 and have our wagon call for your bundle.

TOPEKA STEAM LAUNDRY.

Fine work at Topeka Steam Laundry.

OUR CATTLE EXPORTS

Secretary Morton Gives Out
Some Statistics.

Great Britain is Our Best Customer in Beef.

IS NOT WORTH WORRY.

Germany's Patronage is Too Small to Grieve Over.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Secretary of Agriculture Morton furnished yesterday the number of cattle exported to the United Kingdom of Great Britain during each year since 1874, together with the value of the cattle in dollars, each. The statement shows that the United States sent into the United Kingdom of Great Britain only 123 head of cattle in 1874, while up to the present date in 1894, the United States has already furnished Great Britain 348,734 head. The United States sent no fresh beef into England until 1877, when 49,210,990 pounds were sent and returned to the farmers of this country \$1,532,523. This year we have already shipped into the United Kingdom 193,331,292 pounds of fresh beef, which brought \$16,659,514.

Germany took no live cattle from the United States until 1878, when that empire received 1,171 head from the United States, valued at \$87,648. During the year 1891 Germany received from the United States its largest number of cattle, 5,223 head, valued at \$427,565. In 1893, Germany received only 419 head, valued at \$41,500. This far in 1894 she has received 3,009 head, valued at \$285,794. Germany took no fresh beef from the United States until 1887, when it took 9,398 pounds, and in 1894 all Germany took of fresh beef from the United States was only 1,006 pounds, valued at \$80.

In view of the above facts, Secretary Morton said he did not think it worth while to exploit or magnify as a matter of any importance the loss of the German market to American cattle and meat producers.

The dispatch from Berlin announcing the establishment at Washington of an agricultural bureau in connection with the German embassy here excited much interest at the embassy. It was stated there that such action had been contemplated for several months and an unofficial notice of the plan had been made some time ago. Now that the official order is issued it is expected the question will go before the German reichstag, as an appropriation for sustaining the Washington bureau is a necessary result of the order establishing it. It is believed that the bureau will not be actually established here until the reichstag has acted. As yet the embassy has heard no names suggested for the position, which would have the rank of a technical attaché, similar to the naval and military attachés. Such an officer would be entirely new to the diplomatic service of Washington.

The extent of his duties is not clearly understood, but it is supposed they would cover an attention to the trade in beet sugar and other agricultural products which recently have been interrupted by the termination of the reciprocity treaty. The German embassy already has a technical attaché stationed at Chicago, his duties being wholly of a commercial character. From the fact that the new officer is to be located at Washington, it is presumed among government officials that he will have a watchful eye on national legislation affecting German agriculture and will carry out the policy stated in the Berlin cable of a stricter protective agrarian policy.

MASTODON'S SKELETON.

Work of Unearthing It Is Progressing Slowly at Huntington, Pa.

HUNTINGTON, Pa., Nov. 1.—The work of unearthing the skeleton of a mastodon, recently discovered in a bog on the farm of George W. Swayne near Shirk'sburg, this county, is progressing as rapidly as the dangerous condition of the soil will permit. One tusk, 4 feet 7 inches long, and the base of which is 16 inches in circumference and hollow to the depth of eight inches, besides two smaller tusks, weighing five pounds each, several ribs and a portion of the vertebrae have been uncovered. All the bones are in an excellent state of preservation. It is believed the entire skeleton will be found. Scientists from all parts of the country are making bids for the valuable find, but Farmer Swayne is holding off until the work of excavation has been finished.

THE DRAYTON DIVORCE.

Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton Denies all the Allegations Made by Her Husband.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 1.—The answer in the James Coleman Drayton divorce suit was filed yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Drayton denies the charge of marital infidelity by her husband and accuses him of having deserted her without cause. She makes specific denial to each and every allegation in her husband's bill charging her with criminal intimacy with Hallett Alsop Borrowe, and says that she was never guilty of such with Borrowe or any other person whatsoever, either in New York, London, Barnardville or any other place. "The charges," she says, "are wholly untrue and a most cruel and unfounded imputation." On the contrary, she says, she has always faithfully regarded her marriage vows, and has been true and faithful to her vows as his wife.

No More Free Passes.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 1.—Traffic managers of Missouri lines yesterday agreed to discontinue the issuance of passes to shippers, or to others, with a view to lessening traffic, and to maintain the rates fixed at a similar meeting held some time ago. It is said that these rates have been fairly well adhered to since the agreement was made.

DIED FOR HIS FRIEND.

Eddy Martin Lynched Because He Would Not Peach on Bill Goode.

PRINCETON, Ky., Nov. 1.—News has reached here of the lynching of Eddy Martin in Crittenden county, yesterday morning, by a mob variously estimated at from fifty to 100 men. The scene of the lynching is in a remote part of the county, and the details are hard to get. The best obtainable information is that Martin was called upon at his home after midnight and asked to get up and help put out a fire that was raging in the neighborhood. Opening the door he was seized by a dozen or more men who asked for information of Bill Goode, the lawless pauper commissioner of Crittenden county. He was also asked about the latter's crimes, especially that of horse stealing. The mob told him they had come to hang him, but if he would turn state's evidence upon Bill Goode he would be spared.

"If these are the only terms, gentlemen," said he, "let the hanging proceed. Bill Goode has been my friend and I will shield him."

The mob quickly did its work and left a body swaying from a limb upon a lone country oak. The hanging is the result of the Goode-Rich gang in Crittenden county and their lawlessness committed here.

Goode, the leader, has been visited three times by mobs but escaped each time. Berry Rich was hanged about two weeks ago, and the mob made a raid last week, but failed to find their men.

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RUNYON AND BIEBERSTEIN

The American Ambassador and German Foreign Minister Exchange Views.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—A dispatch from Berlin says that the prohibition by Germany of the importation of American cattle has led to a lively exchange of views between the Hon. Theodore Runyon, the American ambassador, and Von Bieberstein, the German foreign minister. Mr. Runyon characterized the order as a severe, unjust and unnecessary retaliation against the duties imposed by the United States on German beet root sugar. Those duties, he said, had been advised by President Cleveland, though congress would be certain to annul them.

Von Bieberstein in reply admitted the severity of the order but not the other epithets employed by the ambassador. He said Germany would not barter the soundness of her cattle for a prospective lowering of the sugar duty. The incubation period of Texas fever, he said, was six weeks. Therefore, cattle leaving the United States in an apparently healthy condition might afterward be attacked and spread the infection. Mr. Runyon disputed this claim on the ground that the contagion is propagated by insects which are non-existent in Europe. He also argued that dead meat can not convey the Texas fever.

WANT THE CHURCHES OPEN

German Emperor Says It Would Be Well to Keep Them Open.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—A Berlin dispatch says: Count Zeithen-Schwern, president of the Lutheran church, has informed the Lutheran of Germany that the Kaiser in a recent address to the president and vice presidents of the church said that the labors of the general synod would be blessed if that body worked in a spirit of reconciliation.

They rested upon a different basis from political bodies and must not act from party motives. He hoped that the churches would be open at other times than during the regular hours of service. This would promote and revive the religious feeling of the people the emperor said, for religion was still a power.

Even the subversive elements of the present had several times to halt before it. The emperor, the president says, occurred in wishing the churches to be kept open.

Germany's New Imperial Policy.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—It is stated that Prince Hohenlohe has come to an agreement with Emperor William which will change the imperial policy in several important respects. The first visible sign of this is the issuance of an order to establish agricultural bureaus in connection with the German embassies at London, Washington, Paris, Vienna and St. Petersburg. This step is looked upon as evidence of a stricter protective agrarian policy which is known to have been contemplated for some time past.

BRIEFS BY WIRE.

The Milwaukee, Wis. Malt and Grain company's elevator was destroyed by fire Wednesday morning. Loss about \$40,000.

The British steamer Tongships, which arrived at New York from the Dutch East Indies, had a cargo of 12,000,000 pounds of sugar.

The long deferred trial of Major Wham, paymaster in the United States army, has been resumed at Vancouver, Wash., after an interval of nearly a month.

Charles T. Cowden, one of the party of cavalry which captured Jefferson Davis, disguised in female attire in 1865, died of heart disease at Seattle, Wash., aged 53 years. He was a Nevada pioneer and a former city councilman of Seattle and owned considerable property.

A singular accident occurred in East Nashville, Tenn. Page, a motor-man fell over the front guard of the electric car he was running and caught under it, dragging for a long distance before his absence was discovered. When picked up he was unconscious and lived only half an hour. How he happened to fall in front of the car is not known.

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"Gold Coin" stoves at Sheldon & Sheldon.

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In Chamber Suits we have Mahogany, Curly Birch, Bird's Eye Maple, Quarter Sawed Oak, Ash, Maple and Elm.

Prices \$10, \$12, \$14, \$16 and up.

Iron Brass Trimmed Beds—\$8, \$10, \$12, \$14 and up.

Mattresses—\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 \$3.00 and up.

Feather Pillows—50c, 75c, \$1.00 and up.

Parlor Suits in Mahogany, Bird's Eye Maple, Curly Birch, Oak, Walnut, and Maple frames—\$20, \$25, \$30 and up.

Extension Tables in Plain Oak, Ash and Quarter Sawed Oak—\$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.50 and up.

A ten foot table for \$5.00. Think of it.

Center Tables in Oak, Mahogany, Curly Birch and Bird's Eye Maple—75c, \$1.00 and up.

Sideboards, Polished Oak, \$10, \$12, \$14 and up.

High Back Dining Chairs, 75c, \$1.00 and up.

We are not closing out a few old styles, unsaleable Baby Carriages, but keep a full line all the year round, fresh new ones of the latest styles that are arriving every week at—\$4.50, \$6.50, \$7.50 and up.

We carry a full line of Top, Roll Top and Standing Desks, and Office Tables in all sizes. Fifty styles of Office Chairs and Stools, at lower prices than the same quality can be bought anywhere else in the state.

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SAMPLE VICTOR,
SAMPLE CLEVELAND,
SAMPLE COLUMBIA.

All perfect condition and good as new, at prices way below their value.

DESCRIPTION.	PRICE NEW.	BARGAIN PRICE.
1894—Victor Flyer, with steel rims. Weight about 25 pounds.	\$125.00	\$85.00
1894—Columbia, Mod. 34, steel hollow rims, clincher tires. Used only one week and ridden only 50 miles. Can't be told from new. Weight 20 pounds.	\$125.00	\$100.00
1894—Cleveland No. 12. Weight 23 pounds. Wood rims, narrow tread. The finest wheel ever built. This wheel only used by Morris Stevens on track, and is the wheel he won all his races on; has new tires.	\$150.00	\$110.00

One year factory guaranty applicable on all above wheels. Do not forget that I have the finest REPAIR SHOP in the country. Can do anything.

WM. TAYLOR,

115-117 E. SEVENTH STREET.

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Will you pay 6 and 7 dollars for shoes when you can buy them in the latest styles and all the width from AA to EE, for 3, 4 and 5 dollars at W. M. HORD'S, Exclusive Dealer in MEN'S FINE SHOES, SLIPPERS and RUBBERS.

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